

The Galapagos Islands DAY BY DAY

ITINERARY B

(Thursday - Monday) 5 days / 4 night

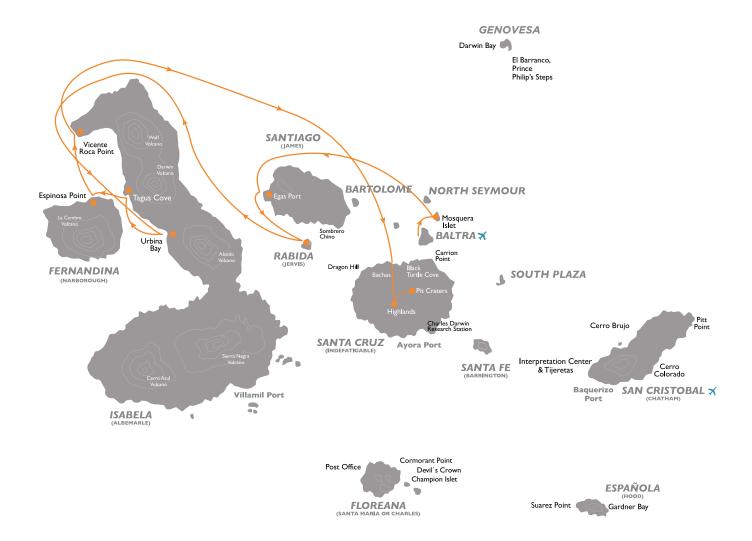
Our Galapagos itineraries offer unforgettable experiences, with our weekly departures allowing you to experience 3, 4, 7, and up to 14 nights tours including: full board, two daily guided excursions with optional activities such as snorkeling, kayaking, dinghy rides and our new feature daily diving tours for license-holding divers.

5 days / 4 nights

WEST В Thursday - Monday Thursday: Baltra Airport $\mathbf{+}$ pm. Mosquera Islet Friday: am. Egas Port (Santiago Island) pm. Rabida Island Saturday: am. Urbina Bay (Isabela Island) pm. Tagus Cove (Isabela Island) Sunday: am. Espinosa Point (Fernandina Island) pm. Vicente Roca Point (Isabela Island) Monday:

Highlands Tortoise Reserve 🗮 am. or Pit Craters: for extended cruises (Santa Cruz Island) **+**

Baltra Airport







DAY 1 - THURSDAY am - Baltra Airport

Departure from Quito or Guayaquil to Baltra Island (2 ½-hour flight). Arriving in the Galapagos, passengers are picked up at the airport by our natural guides and taken to a ten-minute bus drive to the pier to board the ^{M/Y}Galapagos Legend.



pm – Mosquera Islet

This tiny, low lying islet, covered in coral sand, is set between North and South Seymour Islands. It is home to a group of sea lions that come to laze on the soft white sand. It is a good spot to observe shorebirds as well as herons, lava gulls and boobies. Snorkeling or diving here one can often see sharks, rays and barracudas.

Difficulty level: easy Type of terrain: sandy Duration: 1 ½-hour walk & snorkeling



DAY 2 - FRIDAY am - Egas Port (Santiago Island)

The black volcanic sand sets this landing apart from most. It is best known for the dramatic shoreline where we meet a host of species that chose to live between land and sea. Particular among these are the endemic Galapagos fur seals which maintain a small colony at the end of our walk. Other species of note include American oystercatchers, sea lions, waders, herons, lava lizards and even Galapagos hawks. An optional visit takes us to an abandoned salt mine famous in its day for supplying salt to mainland Ecuador. Difficulty level: intermediate

Type of terrain: flat & semi-rocky Duration: 1 ¹/₂-hour walk / 1-hour snorkeling





pm – Rabida Island

Lying at the heart of the archipelago this dramatic island, with its distinctive red-sand beach, is home to sea lions, mockingbirds, finches, endemic Galapagos doves and vernillion flycatchers. A walk takes us through a forest of palo santo and cacti to a beautiful overview of the bay. Snorkeling here can be excellent, often with large schools of black-striped salemas, sea lions and the ubiquitous turtles.

Difficulty level: easy Type of terrain: sandy Duration: 1 ½-hour walk / 1-hour snorkeling / 1-hour dinghy ride





DAY 3 - SATURDAY am – Urbina Bay (Isabela Island)

At the far end of a long, level hike we arrive at a strange phenomenon where large blocks of coral lie completely exposed after a dramatic geological uplift in 1954. Located at the western base of Alcedo Volcano we hope to run into a few very impressive land iguanas as well as some of the volcanois endemic Galapagos giant tortoises during the wet season.

Difficulty level: intermediate Type of terrain: flat & rocky Duration: 1 ½-hour walk / 1-hour snorkeling





pm – Tagus Cove (Isabela Island)

A well-known hideout and deep water anchorage in the days of pirates, Tagus Cove was also one of the few sites visited by Charles Darwin and the HMS Beagle in 1835. A beautiful hike leads us past an overview of Darwin Lake and on to a stunning volcanic landscape revealing Isabela islandis dramatic northern volcanoes. Once back at sea level the perfect activity is to snorkel along a submerged wall with turtles, lots of fish, penguins and potentially flightless cormorants. You might even be tempted by a *panga* ride or kayak! **Difficulty level**: intermediate/difficult

Type of terrain: steep/steep

Duration: 2-hour walk / 40-minutes dinghy ride / 1-hour deep water snorkeling



DAY 4 - SUNDAY am - **Punta** Espinosa (Fernandina Island)

The youngest island of Galapagos and one of the most pristine in the world. Fernandina is simply the ëmarine iguana capital of the worldi. This desolate volcanic backdrop is home to a huge concentration of these enigmatic reptiles. Incongruously, sharing the same shoreline, we can find the diminutive Galapagos penguins. Here we also have the exciting opportunity to snorkel with marine iguanas feeding underwater, penguins, turtles and the bizarre, endemic, flightless cormorants. **Difficulty level:** intermediate

Type of terrain: flat/semi rocky Duration: 1 ½-hour walk / 1-hour snorkeling





pm – Punta Vicente Roca (Isabela Island)

This is a spectacular visitor site, surrounded by immense cliffs of the eroded volcano. Studded with resting sea birds such as brown noddies and Nazca boobies, we will enjoy them in close proximity from our dinghies. Snorkeling here is superb, with certain species of fish only found in the west of the archipelago. We also have a very real chance of swimming with penguins and potentially a plethora of green turtles. Difficulty Level: moderate / high Type of terrain: water

Duration: 1-hour snorkeling / 1-hour dinghy ride

3





DAY 5 - MONDAY am – Highlands Tortoise Reserve (Santa Cruz Island)

Dry landing. In the mountains of Galapagos is possible to admire different kind of birds, such as: tree and ground finches, vermillion flycatchers, paint-billed crakes, yellow warblers, and cattle egrets (usually standing on the tortoises' shell). The journey to the reserve offers great opportunities to see the contrasts that the island offers in reference to the variety of ecosystems. The road goes from the coast through the agricultural zone and straight up to the dense humid forests. Often, Galapagos Giant Tortoises are also seen on the way, wandering through pastures in the paddocks. This spot is a birdwatchers' haven, since almost every land bird present on the island lives or migrates here.

Type of terrain: flat & muddy (depending on season) Duration: 45-minutes drive / 1 ½-hour walk



pm – Baltra Island Airport

After the visit, passengers will be transferred to the airport for their return flight to Guayaquil or Quito.